# **SD COLLEGE OF LAW**

LL. B. SIXTH SEIVIESTER

PAPER -I MAXIMUM MARKS :100

UNIT –I

## Judicial Control of Administrative Action

Jurisdictional error/ ultra vires – substance and procedural ultra vires Standing: standing for Public Interest Litigation (Social action litigation) Laches; Res Judicata ; Error apparent on the face of the record; Violation of the principles of natural justice; Unreasonable; Doctrine of legitimate expectation; Violation of public policy Write: Habeas Corpus; Madamus; Certiorari; Prohibition; and Quo-warranto Declaratory Judgments' and injunction

UNIT –II

Liability for Wrongs (Tortious and Contractual) Tortious Liability: Sovereign and Non-sovereign functions Statutory immunity Act of State Contractual liability of Government Government Privilege in Legal Proceeding- State secrets and, public interest Estoppels and waiver

UNIT –III CORPORATIONS Definition, characteristics and classification of public corporations Public Corporations: whether "State" under Article 12 of the Constitution of India Rights, Duties and liabilities of public Corporations Control over Public Corporations-Judicial control; Government control; Parliamentary control; and control by public

UNIT – IV

## Internal Methods of settlement of disputes and Grievance Redressal

Conciliation and mediation through social action groups Public inquiries and Commissions of Inquiry Ombudsman: Lokpal, Lok Ayukta Vigilance Commission

#### UNIT –V

Judicial activism-

Judicial activism- relevance and judicial attitude Public Interest Litigation – Development, nature, scope and object; Judicial response Right to information with special reference to the Right to Information Act

Act Right to Information Act

Books

Jain & Jain: Principles of Administrative Law Wade: Administrative Law C.K. Thakkar; Lectures on Administrative Law S.P. Sathe: Administrative Law S.P. Sathe: Right to Information M.P. Jain: Cases and Materials on Indian Administrative Law I.L.I. Cases and materials on Administrative

PAPER -II

#### MAXIMUM MARKS :100

## ENVIRONMENTAL LAW INCLUDING LAWS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE WILDLIFE AND OTHER LIVING CREATURES INCLUDING ANIMAL WELFARE

#### UNIT – I

## CONCEPT OF ENVIRONMENT AND POLLUTION

Environment: meaning and contents

Pollution: meaning; causes of environmental pollution and effects there of; kinds of pollution

Historical Perspective: (I) Indian tradition- dharma of environment; British periodindustrial development and exploitation of nature; (II) Constitutional perspective-Fundamental Rights; Directive Principles of State Policy; Fundamental Duties Emerging Principles; 'Polluter pays'; 'Precautionary principle'; and 'Public trust doctrine' International Regime: Stockholm Conference; Rio Conference; and Bio-diversity Convention.

#### UNIT – II

## WATER AND AIR POLLUTION

Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1947 and the Air(Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 Salient features of the Acts Important Definitions Authorities-compositions, powers and jurisdiction Offences and penalties Judicial approach

## UNIT- III

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

Pollution control under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 Salient features of the Act Important definitions Powers of the Central Government Offences and penalties under the Act National Environment Tribunal and National Environment Appellate Authoritycomposition, powers and functions Judicial approach-complex problems in the administration of environmental justice.

## UNIT –IV

## WILD LIFE PROTECTION

The Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 Salient Features of the Act Important definitions: Animal; animal articles; closed area; trophy; wild animal; wild life; Zoo; and sanctuary Authorities under the Act; Constitution; powers and functions Prohibitions under the Act; hunting of wild animals and protection of specified plants Protected Areas; Sanctuaries; national parks and closed areas Trade and commerce in wild animals, animals articles, trophies and prohibitions thereof Offences and Penalties

## UNIT –V

## **Cruelty to Animals**

The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960 Salient features, aims and objects of the Act Important definitions Authorities under the Act: composition, powers and Jurisdiction Offences and penalties

## Acts

Water(Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 Air(Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1960

## Books

R. B. Singh & Suresh Mishra: Environmental Law In India Kailash Thakur: Environmental Protection Law and Policy in India Leelakrishnan. P: Law and Environment Leelakrishnan. P: The Environmental Law in India

PAPER -III

#### MAXIMUM MARKS :100

## LAND LAWS INCLUDING CEILING AND OTHER LOCAL

## LAWS-II UNIT-I

U.P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1953 UNI-II

- U.P. Panchayat raj Act, 1947
- U.P. Imposition of ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1960 UNIT-III
- U.P. Urban Building(Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) Act, 1947 UNIT- IV
- U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916 Acts
- U.P. Consolidation of Holdings Act, 1953
- U.P. Panchayat Raj Act, 1947
- U.P. Imposition of Ceiling on Land Holdings Act, 1960
- U.P. Urban Building( Regulation of Letting, Rent and Eviction) Act, 1947
- U.P. Urban Planning and Development Act, 1973
- U.P. Municipalities Act, 1916

PAPER -IV

MAXIMUM MARKS:100

INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION

## <u>UNIT – I</u>

## **Evolution of international Organization**

Concept, Nature and development of international Organization Progress of Mankind towards international organization

The Concept of Europe

The League of Nations- genesis and creation provisions, its organs Causes of its failure

The United Nations- genesis and creation provisions Purpose and principles of the U.N. ; Membership; Legal capacity ; privileges and immunities Achievements and limitations of the U.N. The Future role of the U.N.

## <u>UNIT – II</u>

## Structure/Organs of the U.N.

The General Assembly- composition, voting procedure, powers and functions The Security Council- compositions, voting procedure, powers and function The Economic and Social Council- compositions, voting procedure, powers and function

The Trusteeship Council- The Trusteeship system, the Trusteeship Agreements, objectives, and the forms of supervision

The Secretariat- appointment of the Secretary General; Powers and functions of the Secretary General

The International Court of Justice- composition, jurisdiction

#### <u>UNIT – III</u>

#### **POLITICAL PROCESS**

A Comparative view of the League of Nations' and U.N. Charter International Personality- Nature and Consequences of the concept Treaty- making process Privileges and immunities

Achievements' of the United Nations- Advancement of human welfare; settlement of disputes; U.N. peace-keeping functions; problems of peace enforcement through the U.N.; disbarment and human right; progressive development of international law

#### <u>UNIT – IV</u>

## **Specialized Agencies**

International Labour Organization (ILO) International Monetary Fund (IMF) Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) U.N. Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) World Health Organization (WHO)

#### <u>UNIT – V</u>

#### **Regional Institutions**

The Council of Europe The Organization of American States (OAS) The Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) The Warsa Treaty Organization SAARC

## BOOKS

D.W. Bowett: The law of International Institutions
Stephen S. Goodspeed: Nature and Function of International Organization
D.W. Bowett: United Nations Forces: A Legal Study Rahamatullah
Khan: Implied Powers of the United Nations
M.S. Rajan: United Nations and Domestic Jurisdiction
Rumki Basu: The United Nations: Structure and Functions of International
Organization

PAPER -V

MAXIMUM MARKS:100

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW

UNIT – I

## INTRODCTORY

Intellectual Property: meaning, definition, nature and importance Rationale of the legal regimes for the protection of intellectual property Kinds of intellectual property Rationale for protection of rights in-Copyright Trade marks Patents Designs Trade Secrets and Geographical Indications Introduction to the leading international instruments concerning IPR: Paris Convention; Berne Convention; World Trade Organization (WTO); world Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) and TRIPS Agreement

UNIT – II

## Law of Copyright in India

Historical evolution of law Subject-matter and meaning of copyright Copyright in literary, dramatic, musical and artistic works Copyright in cinematograph film and sound recording Ownership of copyright Terms of copyright Assignment of copyright Licensing of copyright and compulsory licensing Author's Special Rights Infringement of copyright and compulsory licensing Video Piracy and piracy in Internet

#### Remedies

UNIT – III INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY IN TRADE MARKS

Rationale of protection of trade marks as (a) an aspect of commercial rights. And (b) of consumer rights Definition and concept of trade marks Distinction between trade mark and property mark and service mark Registration of trade marks The doctrine of deceptive similarity The doctrine of honest concurrent user Protection of well-known marks Infringement and passing off Remedies

UNIT – IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY IN PATENTS

Patent: meaning, definition and importance Patentable inventions Patent protection for computer programme Process of obtaining a patent, Patent Co-operation Treaty (PCT) Rights and obligations of a patentee Duration of patent Compulsory licenses Infringement Remedies

UNIT – V INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY IN DESIGNS AND GEOGRAPHICAL INDICATIONS

Importance definitions: design article; mechanical device; geographical indication

Registration of designs: application for registration of designs; procedure for registration of designs; cancellation of registration Rights conferred by registration Restoration of lapsed design Infringement and remedies Characteristics and functions of design Distinction between 'geographical indication' and 'trade mark'; 'geographical indication' and 'Collective marks' Procedure for registration of GI Infringement and remedies

#### ACTS

Copyright Act, 1957 Trade Marks Act, 1999 Patents Act, 1970 Design Act, 2000 Geographical Indications of Goods (Registration and Protection) Act, 1999

## BOOKS

Cornish W.R. Intellectual Property, Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright and Allied Rights P. Narayanan: Intellectual Property Law S.K. Singh: Intellectual Property Rights Law Vikas Vashishth: Law and practice of Intellectual Property Bibeck Debroy (ed.): Intellectual Property Rights

PAPER -VI

MAXIMUM MARKS:100 WOMEN

AND THE LAW

UNIT – I WOMEN IN INDIA

Pre – independence period: social and legal inequality in ancient and medieval India Social reforms movement in India Post-independence period: preamble of the Constitution; equality provisions in Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy Personal Laws- unequal position of women International Conventions and National Commission for Women

UNIT - II GENDER INEQUALITY IN PERSONAL LAWS

Inheritance and succession: position of women in Hindu law and Muslim Law Matrimonial property

Maintenance under personal laws and under Section 125 of the Cr. P.C. Guardianship : right of women to adopt a child; problems of women guardianing Domestic violence: Causes and cure

UNIT - III WOMEN AND CRIMINAL LAW

Insulting the modesty of woman Dowry death Rape Adultery Cruelty by husband or his relative for dowry Dowry prohibition Female foeticide

UNIT – IV Women And Employment

Women in employment: causes, extent and importance Equal remuneration for men and women Maternity Other provisions for welfare and safety of women in Industrial laws Exploitation and harassment of women in work places

UNIT –V Protection and Enforcement Agencies Courts Family Courts National and State Commission for Women NGOs

Books

A.S. Altekar: The position of women in Hindu Civilisation Revasia & Revasia: Women, Social justice And Human Rights Agens, Flavia: Law and Gender Inequality

Balram : Women Workers, the Labour Legislation In India Towards Equality – Report of the committee on the Status of women(Govt. of India)

PAPER -VII

#### MAXIMUM MARKS:100

## PRACTICAL TRAINING: MOOT COURT, PRE-TRAIL PREPARTIONS AND PARTICIPATION IN TRIAL PROCEEDINGS

This paper will have three components of 30 marks each and a viva-voce for 10 marks.

## (a) Moot Court (30 marks)

Every student will do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The moot court will be assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral advocacy.

- (b) Observation of trial in two cases, one civil and one criminal (30 marks). Students will attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.
- (c) Interviewing techniques and Pre-trial Preparations: Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the lawyer's office/legal aid office and record the proceedings in a diary which will carry 15 marks. Each students will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry 15 marks.
- (d) The fourth component of this paper will be viva examination on all the above three-aspect. This will carry 10 marks. The viva voca examination will be conducted by one external examiner and one internal examiner duly appointed by the concerned University.